

WHAT IS BIOTECHNOLOGY?

<http://www.accessexcellence.org/RC/AB/BC/>

Coined in 1919 by Karl Ereky, an Hungarian engineer

Defined as:

All the lines of work by which products are produced from raw materials with the aid of living organisms

Biotechnology is a technology based on biology, especially when used in agriculture, food science, and medicine.

<http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Biotechnology>

1. "Any technological application that uses biological systems, living organisms, or derivatives thereof, to make or modify products or processes for specific use" (Convention on Biological Diversity).
2. " Interpreted in a narrow sense, a range of different molecular technologies such as gene manipulation and gene transfer, DNA typing and cloning of plants and animals" (FAO's statement on biotechnology)

<http://www.fao.org/biotech/find-formalpha-n.asp>

HOW MUCH DO YOU KNOW
ABOUT GENETICS,
PLANT BREEDING,
AND BIOTECHNOLOGY?

WHO WON
A NOBEL PRIZE FOR DISCOVERING
THE STRUCTURE OF DNA?

2003 WAS AN ANNIVERSARY FOR
THIS DISCOVERY. WHICH
ANNIVERSARY WAS IT?

WHO IS CONSIDERED TO BE THE
FATHER OF GENETICS?

WHAT WAS MENDEL'S
OCCUPATION?

IN THOUSANDS OF YEARS AGO,
WHICH NUMBER BEST
APPROXIMATES THE TIME OF
DOMESTICATION OF PLANTS AND
ANIMALS?

FROM WHAT PART OF THE WORLD
DID THE FOLLOWING CROPS
ORIGINATE?

SOYBEAN

CORN

WHEAT

POTATO

PEANUT

WHAT DOES 'GMO' STAND FOR?

IN 20% INCREMENTS, WHAT
PERCENTAGE OF SOYBEAN GROWN IN
THE U.S. IS TRANSGENIC?

WHICH TWO OF THE FOLLOWING
COUNTRIES GROW THE MAJORITY OF
TRANSGENIC CROPS?

U.S.

CHINA

AUSTRALIA

ARGENTINA

CANADA

GENOME REFERS TO THE
COMPLETE GENETIC MATERIAL
CONTAINED IN AN INDIVIDUAL.

WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING ORGANISMS
HAS THE SMALLEST GENOME?

HUMAN

RICE

CHICKEN

WHEAT

WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING ORGANISMS
HAS THE LARGEST GENOME?

HUMAN

RICE

CHICKEN

WHEAT

WHICH OF THE FOLLOWING
GENOMES HAVE BEEN
SEQUENCED?

HUMAN

RICE

CHICKEN

WHEAT

BIOTECHNOLOGY TIMELINE

10,000 YR BP
DOMESTICATION
BEGINS

4-6000 YR BP
PRODUCTS OF
FERMENTATION

140 YR BP
MENDEL'S
HEREDITY

~35 YR BP
GENE SPLICING

53 YR BP
STRUCTURE
OF DNA

~20 YR BP
FIRST TRANSGENIC
PLANTS

GENETICALLY MODIFIED ORGANISMS



- DNA - the molecule of genetics (makes up our GENES)

http://www.sumanasinc.com/webcontent/anisamples/molecularbiology/DNA_structure.html

<http://molvis.sdsc.edu/dna/index.htm>

MANIPULATING DNA

RESTRICTION ENZYMES

http://www.phschool.com/science/biology_place/labbench/lab6/enzwork.html

VIRTUAL RESTRICTION DIGESTION

<http://tools.neb.com/NEBcutter2/index.php>

<http://www.restrictionmapper.org/>

GEL ELECTROPHORESIS

<http://www.vivo.colostate.edu/hbooks/genetics/biotech/gels/virgel.html>

GENETIC ENGINEERING

CUTTING & PASTING

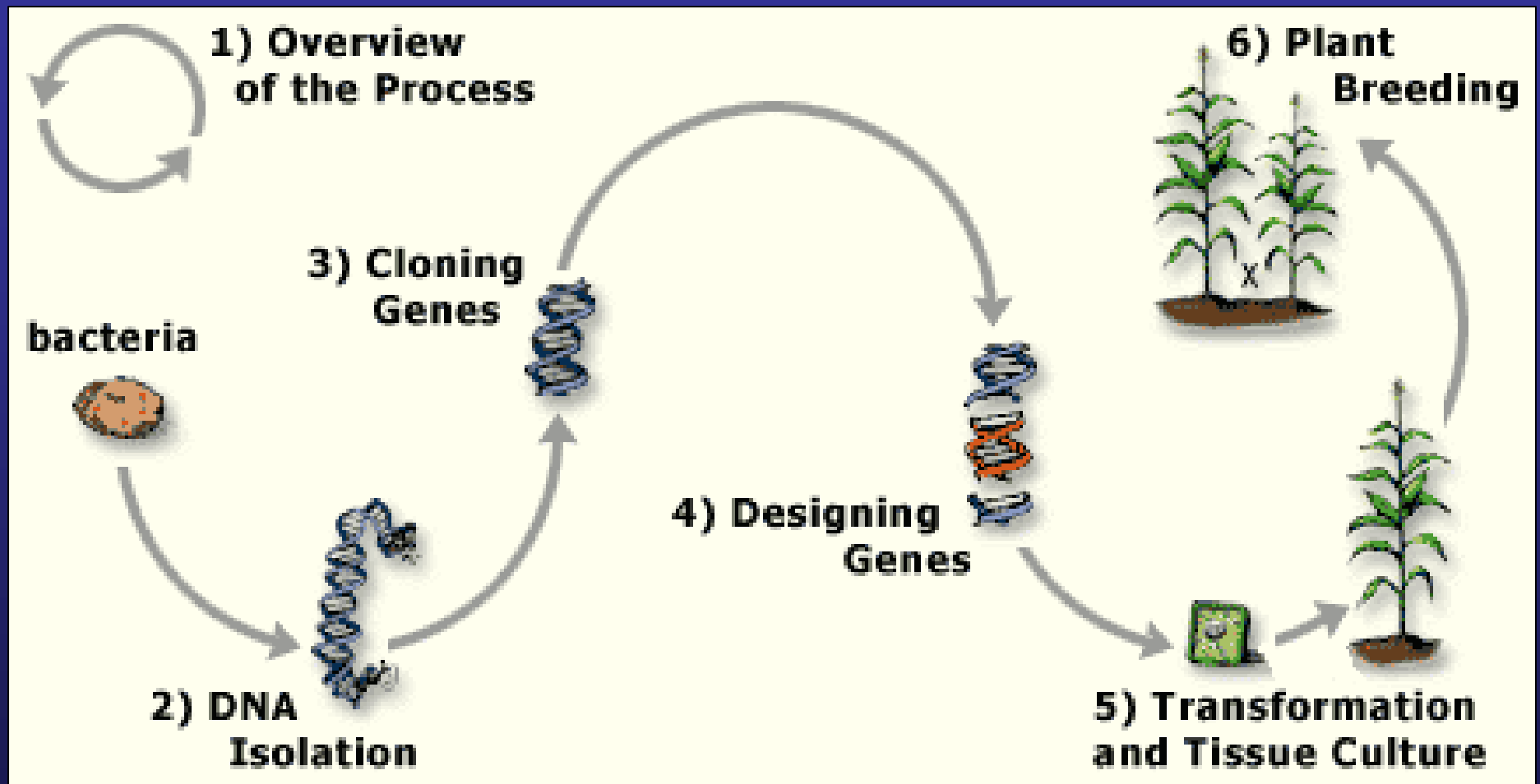
<http://www.dnai.org/b/index.html>

CLONING PLASMIDS INTO BACTERIA

<http://www.accessexcellence.org/RC/VL/GG/plasmid.html>

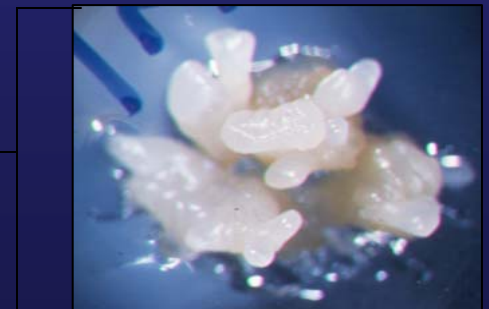
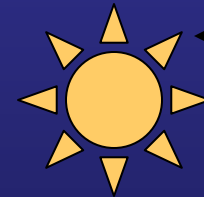
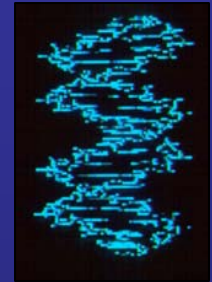
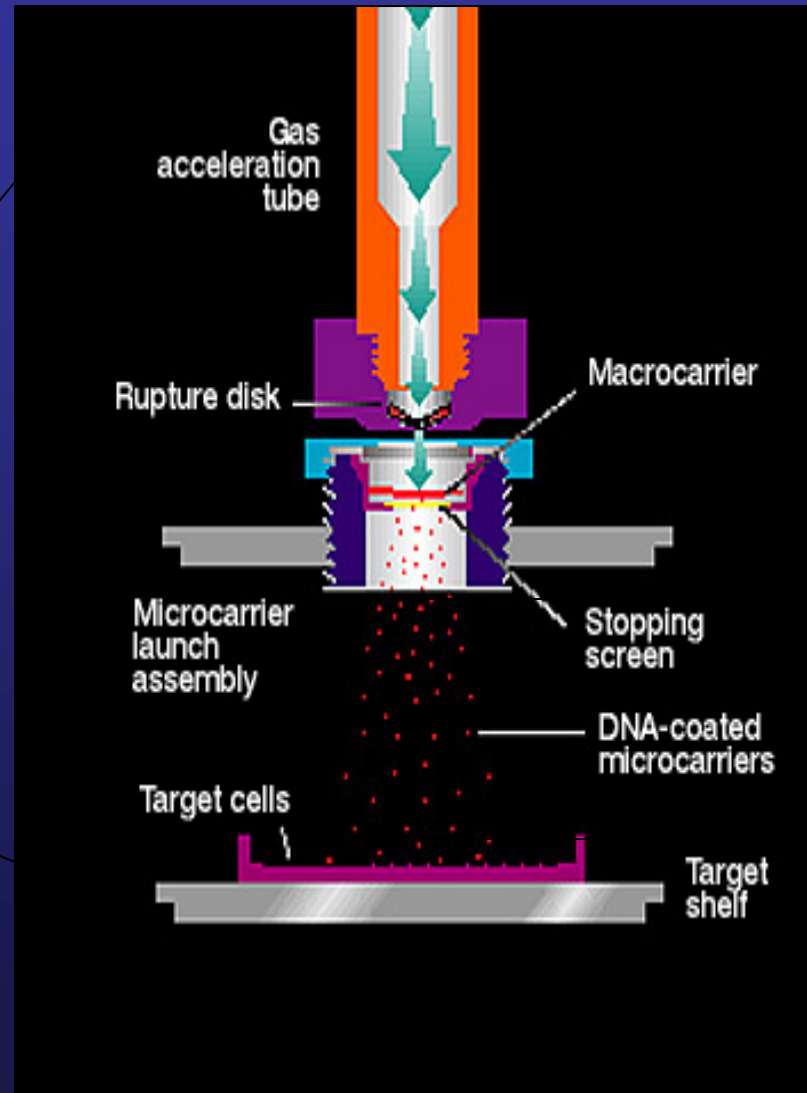
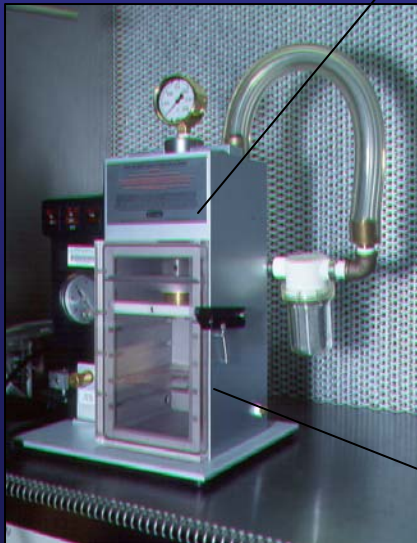
GENETIC ENGINEERING OF PLANTS

<http://www.colostate.edu/programs/lifesciences/TransgenicCrops/animation.html>



<http://www.colostate.edu/programs/lifesciences/TransgenicCrops/animation.html>

Direct DNA Transformation Microprojectile Bombardment Using the 'Gene Gun'

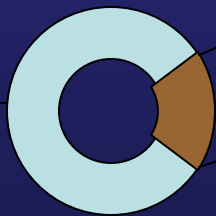


Crown Gall Disease - A Natural Case of Plant Genetic Engineering

Agrobacterium tumefaciens



Ti-plasmid



T-DNA



EARLIEST PRODUCTS OF BIOTECHNOLOGY WHAT ISSUES DID THEY RAISE?

- Human insulin
- "CHY-MAX" brand chymosin
- rBST/BGH
- FlavrSavr tomato
- Bt Crops

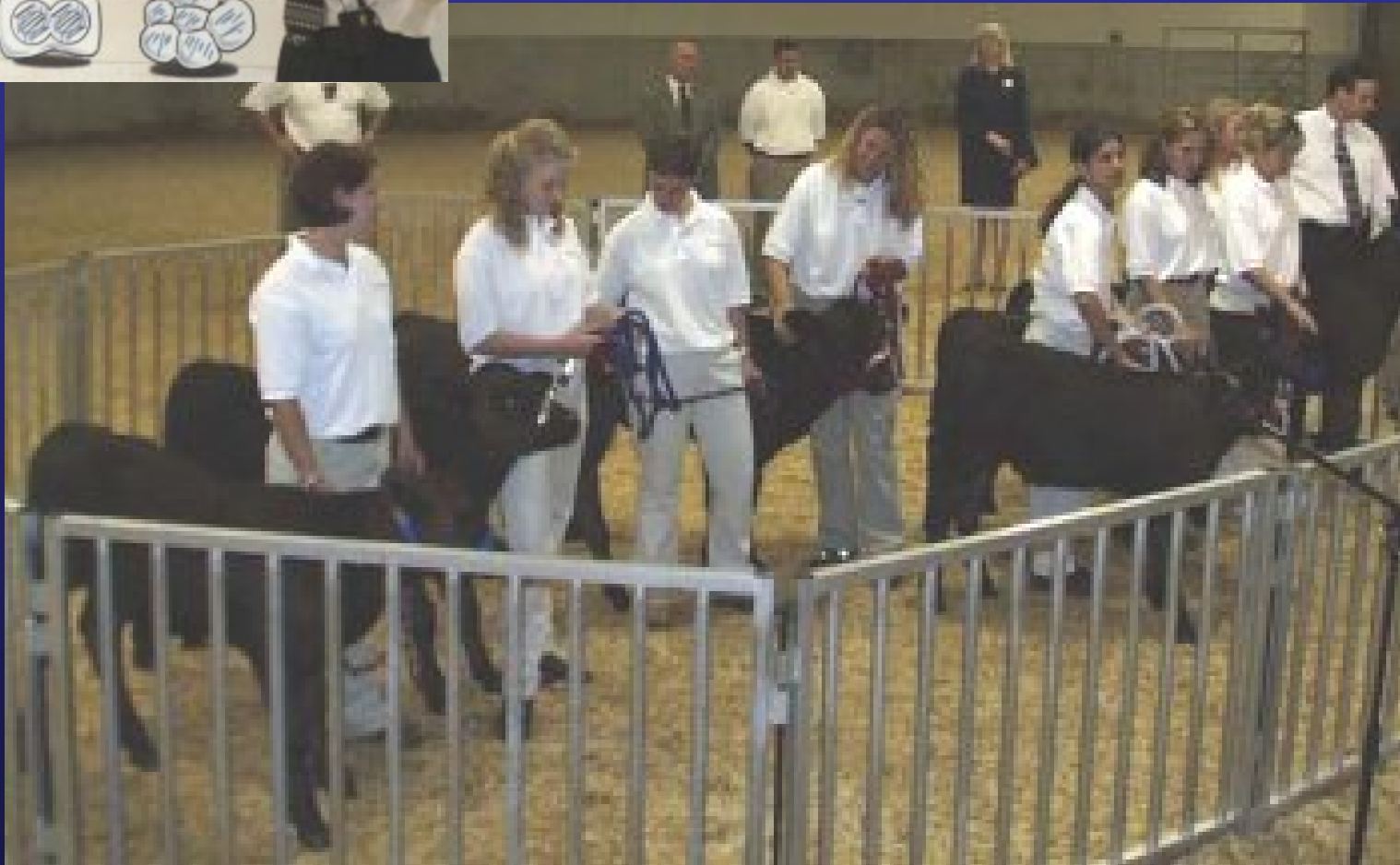
<http://www.accessexcellence.org/RC/AB/IE/wholesome.html>

<http://www.colostate.edu/programs/lifesciences/TransgenicCrops/>

Steve Stice



Animal Biotechnology Cloning



Transgenic Salmon

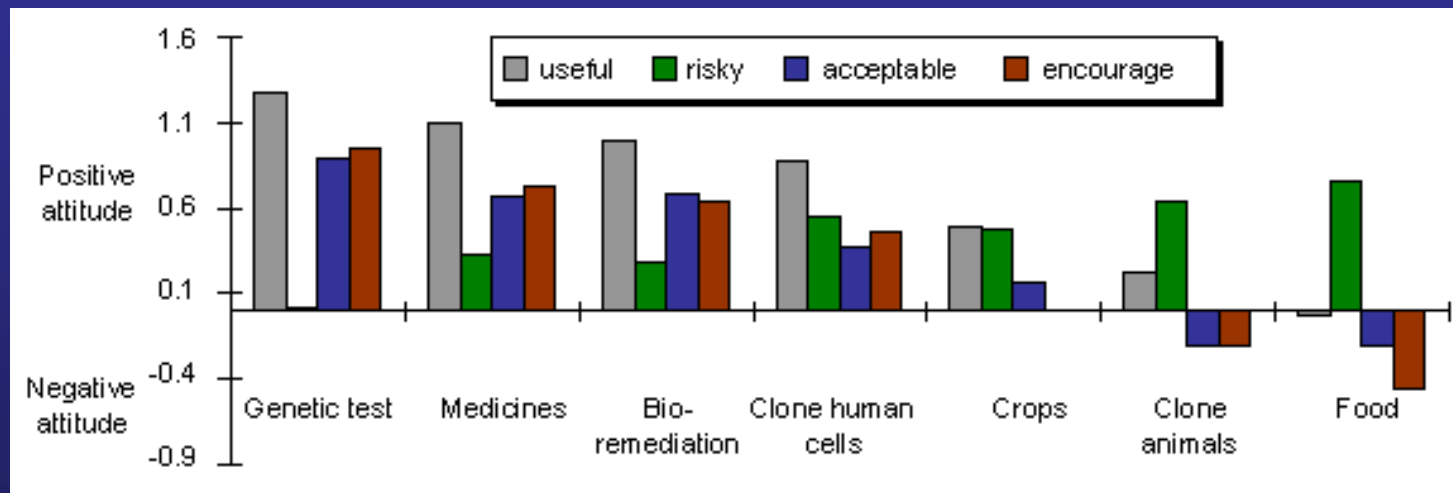
AQUA Bounty Farms



Enviropig

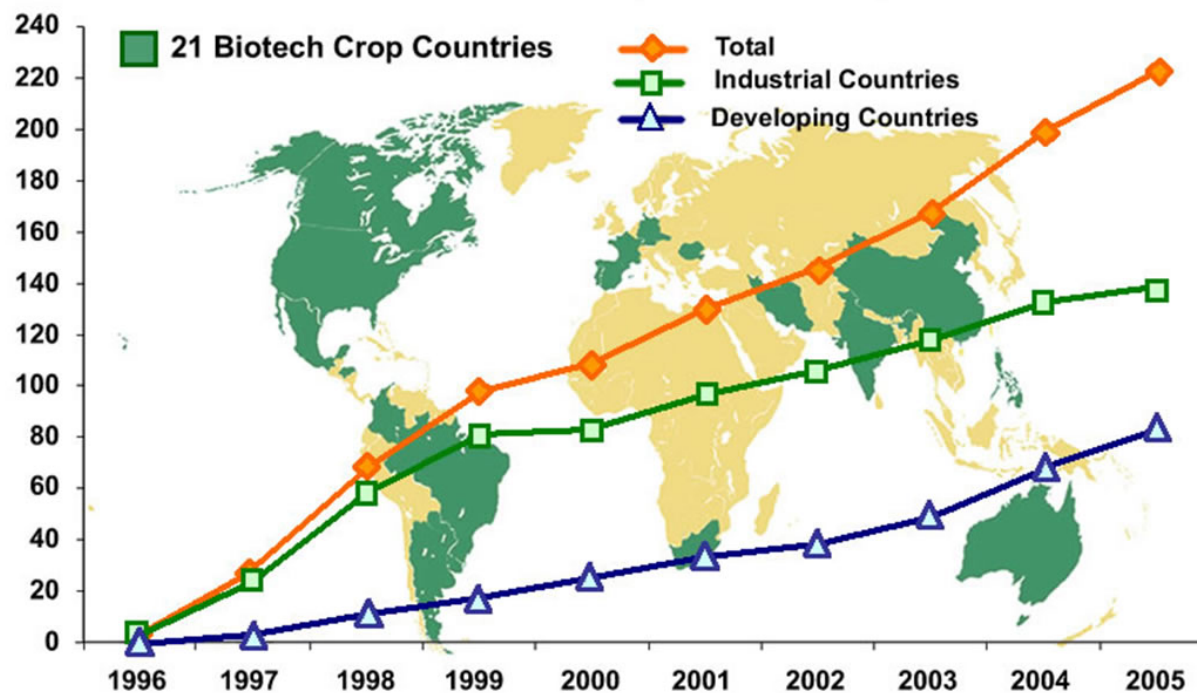


Figure 1. European attitudes to seven applications of biotechnology.



<http://www.agbioforum.org/v3n23/v3n23a04-gaskell.htm#F1>

Global Area of Biotech Crops Million Acres (1996 to 2005)

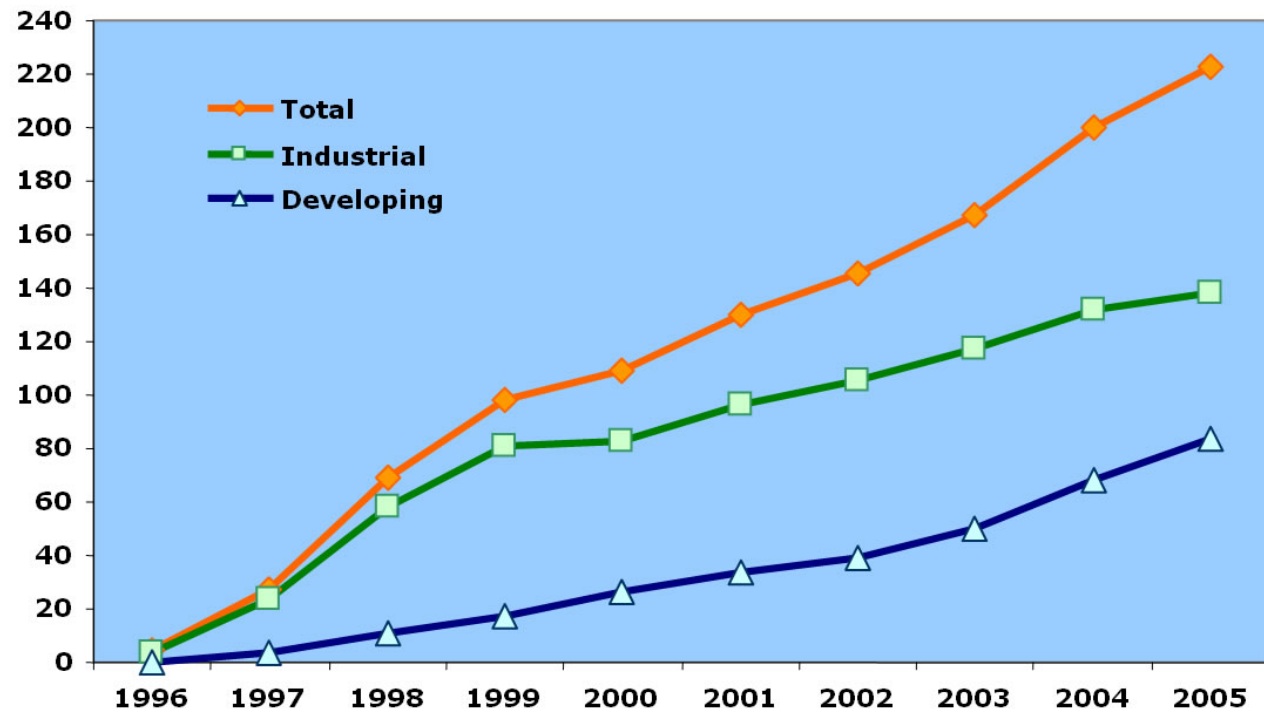


Increase of 11%, 22 million acres or 9.0 million hectares between 2004 and 2005.

Source: Clive James, 2005

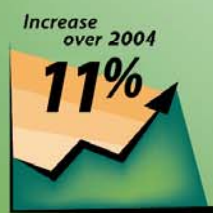
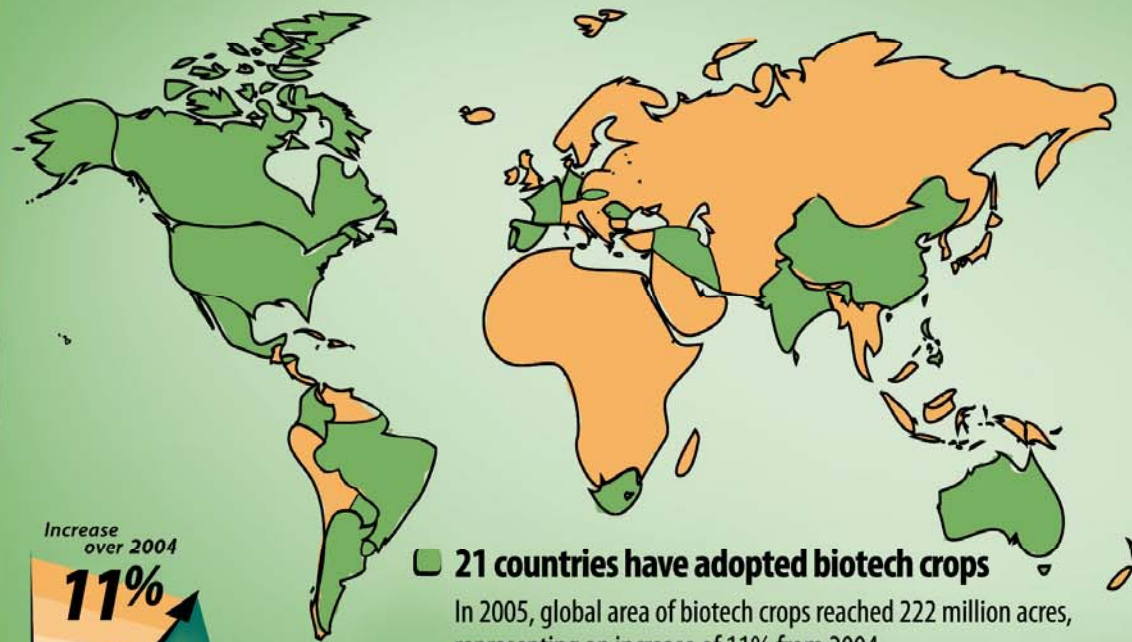
<http://www.isaaa.org/>

Global Area (Million Acres) of Biotech Crops, 1996 to 2005: Industrial and Developing Countries



Source: Clive James, 2005

Global Status of Biotech Crops in 2005



21 countries have adopted biotech crops

In 2005, global area of biotech crops reached 222 million acres, representing an increase of 11% from 2004, equivalent to 22 million acres

Source: Clive James, 2005 ISAAA Briefs 34

BIOTECH MEGA-COUNTRIES

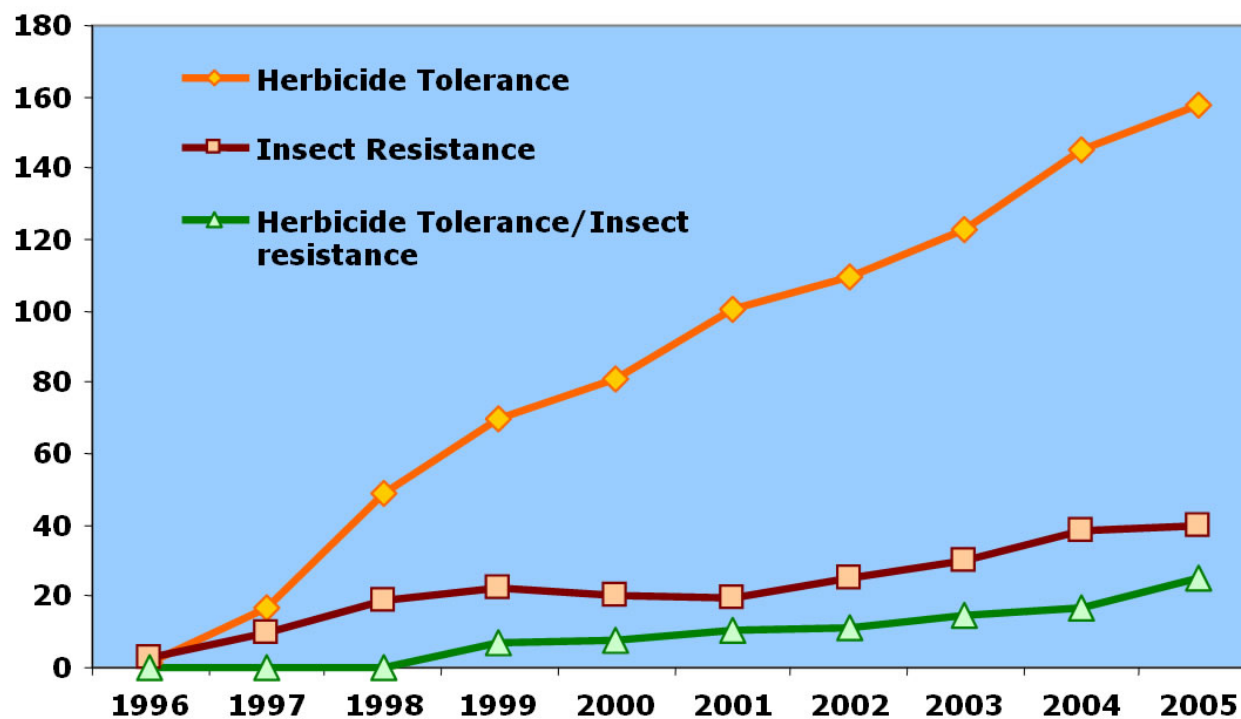
125,000 acres or more

USA:	123 million
Argentina:	42 million
Brazil:	23 million
Canada:	14 million
China:	8 million
Paraguay:	4.4 million
India:	3.2 million
South Africa:	1.2 million
Uruguay:	.74 million
Australia:	.74 million
Mexico:	.25 million
Romania:	.25 million
Philippines:	.25 million
Spain:	.25 million

125,000 acres or less

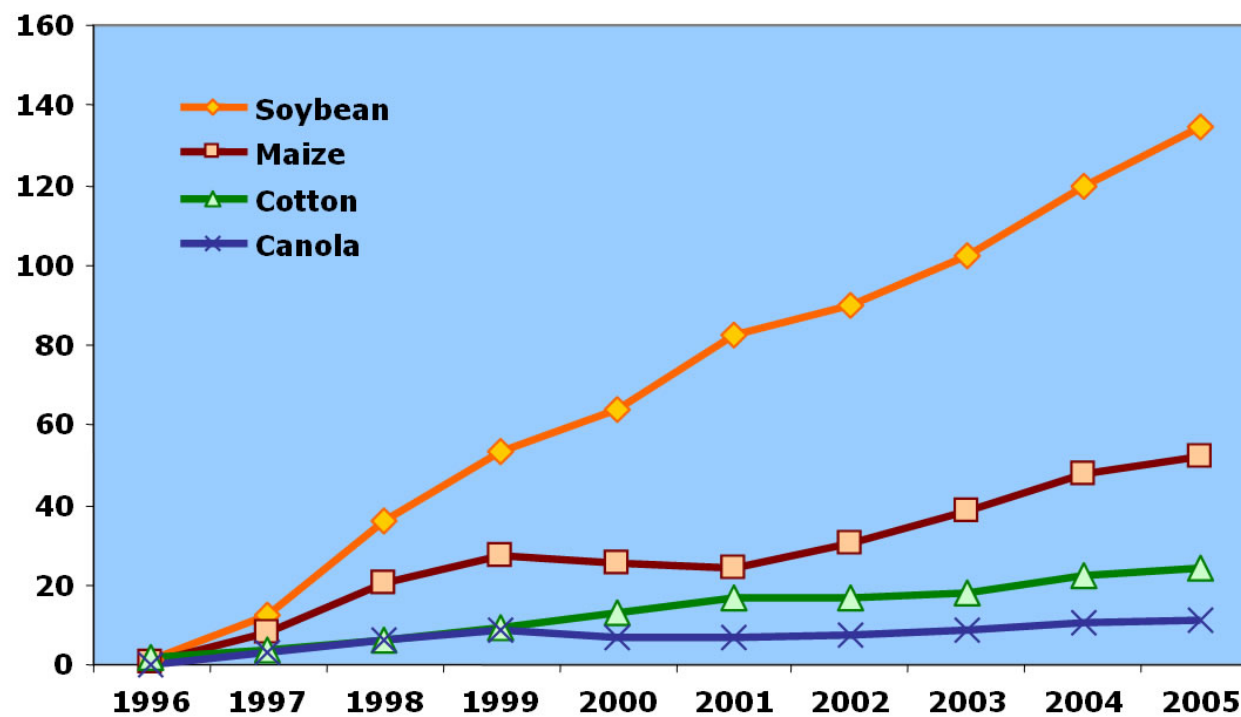
Columbia	Iran	Honduras	Portugal
Germany	France	Czech Republic	

Global Area (Million Acres) of Biotech Crops, 1996 to 2005: by Trait



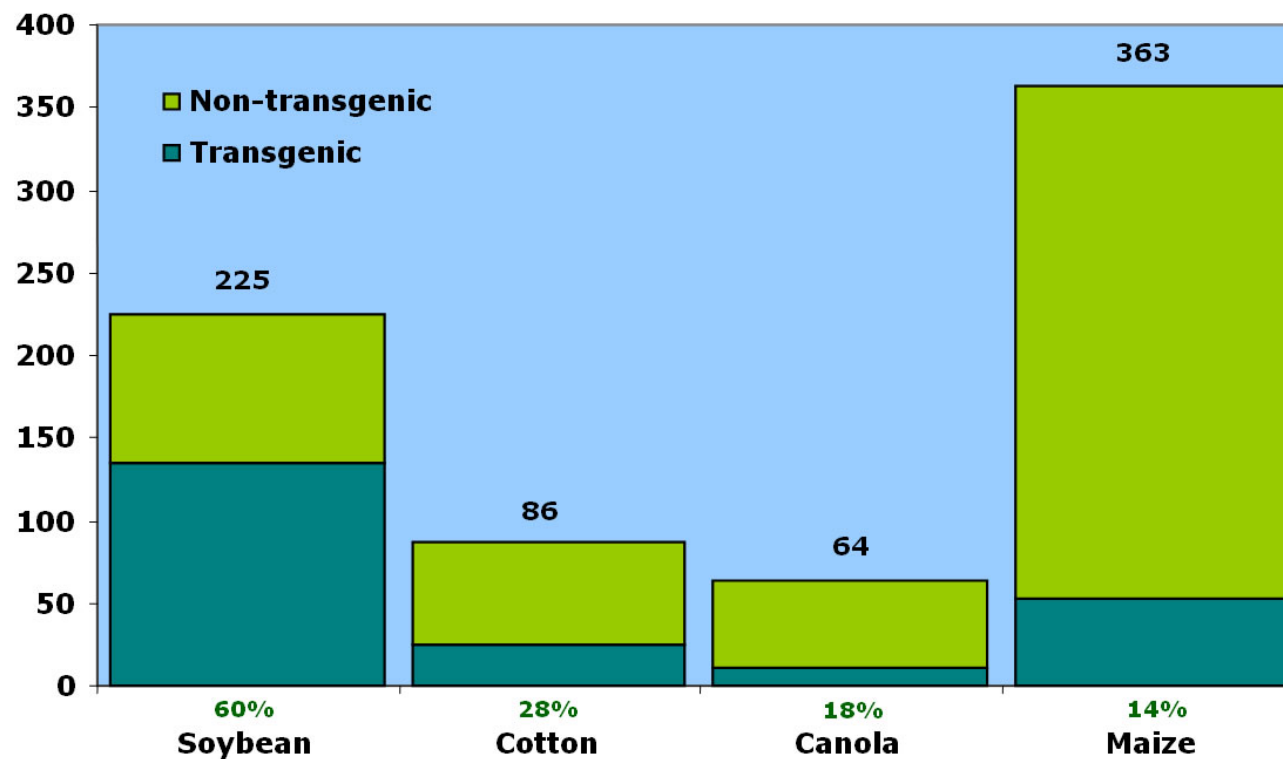
Source: Clive James, 2005

Global Area (Million Acres) of Biotech Crops, 1996 to 2005: by Crop



Source: Clive James, 2005

Global Adoption Rates (%) for Principal Biotech Crops (Million Acres)



Source: Clive James, 2005

Global Status of Approved Genetically Modified Plants

<http://www.agbios.com/dbase.php?action=Synopsis>

<http://www.nbiap.vt.edu/>

Regulatory Oversight in the US

<http://www.agbios.com/cstudies.php?book=REG&ev=CAN-USA&chapter=USA&lang=EN>

Risks and Concerns

<http://www.colostate.edu/programs/lifesciences/TransgenicCrops/risks.html#humanhealth>